SERVICE PROPERTIES TRUST

(Nasdaq: SVC)
Investor Day: May 23, 2022





Warning Concerning Forward-Looking Statements.

This presentation contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and other securities laws. Whenever we use words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "estimate," "will," "may" and negatives or derivatives of these or similar expressions, we are making forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based upon our present intent, beliefs or expectations, but forward-looking statements are not quaranteed to occur and may not occur. Forward-looking statements in this presentation relate to various aspects of our business, including the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on us and our managers and tenants, and on our and their ability to operate throughout the pandemic and its aftermath, our expectation that our drive-to, suburban extended stay hotels will continue to provide stable business and our full and select service hotels to benefit from the expected recovery in the lodging industry, our expectation that elevated leisure demand and strength in extended stay, with increasing group and business transient demand in urban markets will continue, our expectation about the ability of Sonesta Holdco Corporation and its subsidiaries, or Sonesta, to operate the hotels that have been or may be transitioned and rebranded to it, the likelihood and extent to which our managers and tenants will pay the contractual amounts of returns, rents or other obligations due to us, our ability to maintain sufficient liquidity during the duration of the COVID-19 pandemic and any resulting economic conditions, our projected liquidity, cash and equivalents, our expectation of being in compliance with certain financial covenants following the quarter ending September 30, 2022, our projected capital expenditures and expectations regarding gains, our estimated financial projections for the quarter ending June 30, 2022, if and when hotel business will return to historical pre-pandemic levels and whether any improved conditions are sustained, potential defaults on, or non-renewal of, leases by our tenants, decreased rental rates or increased vacancies, our sales and acquisitions of properties and our expectations regarding such sales and proceeds thereof, our policies and plans regarding investments, financings and dispositions, our ability to pay interest on and principal of our debt, our ability to pay distributions to our shareholders and to sustain the amount of such distributions, our ability to raise or appropriately balance the use of debt or equity capital, our intent to make improvements to certain of our properties, our ability to engage and retain qualified managers and tenants for our hotels and net lease properties on satisfactory terms, our ability to diversify our sources of rents and returns that improve the security of our cash flows, the future availability of borrowings under our revolving credit facility, our credit ratings, our expectation that we benefit from our relationships with The RMR Group LLC, or RMR LLC, Sonesta and TravelCenters of America Inc., or TA, our gualification for taxation as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, the impact of increasing labor costs and shortages and commodity and other price inflation due to supply chain challenges or other market conditions, our belief of the competitive advantages that the scale, geographic diversity, strategic locations and the variety of service levels of our hotels gives us, changes in federal or state tax laws, and other matters.

Our actual results may differ materially from those contained in or implied by our forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, such as the impact of economic conditions, including the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the capital markets on us and our managers and tenants, competition within the real estate, hotel, transportation and travel center and other industries in which our managers and tenants operate, particularly in those markets in which our properties are located, compliance with, and changes to, federal, state and local laws and regulations, accounting rules, tax laws and similar matters, limitations imposed on our business and our ability to satisfy complex rules in order for us to maintain our qualification for taxation as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, acts of terrorism, pandemics or other man-made or natural disasters beyond our control, and actual and potential conflicts of interest with our related parties including our Managing Trustees, TA, Sonesta, RMR LLC and others affiliated with them. Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, identify other important factors that could cause differences from our forward-looking statements. Our filings with the SEC are available on the SEC's website at www.SEC.gov. You should not place undue reliance upon our forward-looking statements. Except as required by law, we do not intend to update or change any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains Non-GAAP financial measures including, among others, "FFO", "Normalized FFO", "EBITDA" and "EBI

Please refer to page 44 for certain definitions of terms used throughout this presentation.

SVC Investor Day Agenda.

☐ Company Overview and Recent Events

□ Portfolio Update: Hotels

□ Portfolio Update: Net Lease

☐ Balance Sheet, Leverage Strategy & Liquidity

☐ Key Takeaways



SVC: Company Overview.

SVC invests in two asset categories: hotels and service-focused retail net lease properties to provide diversification to its cash flows.



Necessity-based retail assets with strong rent coverage, low capex requirements and long lease terms produce stable cash flows that balance the cyclicality of the hotel portfolio.



Diversified by location and industry: properties in **22 industries** with over **144 brands** located across **47 states**, Washington, DC, Puerto Rico and Canada.





⁽¹⁾ Excludes 62 Exit Hotels held for sale as of 3/31/2022.

SVC: Recent Events.

Progress on Hotel Sales:

Closed on 20 additional sales since May 5th earnings call

Line of Credit Amended:

Extended maturity date to January 2023

Early Notes Redemption:

Announced June redemption of August 2022 Senior Notes

Hotel Portfolio Improvement:

January results were acutely impacted by Omicron, followed by sequential monthly improvement through today

Steady Net Lease Portfolio:

Continued stable cash flows







Hotel Overview: Retained Hotels⁽¹⁾ by Service Level, Location and Chain Scale.

BY LOCATION BY CHAIN SCALE BY SERVICE LEVEL % of Portfolio Location Keys Suburban 19,822 50.0% **Upper** Full 9,193 23.2% Midscale/ Urban **Extended** Service, Midscale, Stay, 37.5% 7,477 18.8% **Airport** 36.6% Upscale, 36.4% 49.1% 2,450 Resort 6.2% 523 **Small Metro** 1.3% Upper **Select** Upscale, 213 0.5% Interstate Service, 14.3% 26.1% 39,678 100.0% Total

(1) Retained Hotels portfolio consists of 236 hotels. Exit Hotels portfolio consists of the 62 hotels held for sale as of 3/31/2022.



Hotel Overview: Update on Disposition Strategy.

Closed 42 of 68
previously announced
hotel dispositions for
aggregate proceeds of
\$397.6 million

Purchase and sale agreement on an additional 22 hotels for an aggregate purchase price of \$141.0 million.

Substantially all **remaining sales** currently under PSA **expected to close in Q2 2022.**

SVC continues to market four of the 68 hotels.

Over 70% of the hotels expected to be sold encumbered of brand, with buyers entering into long-term franchise agreements with Sonesta.

Marketing commenced related to 16 Marriott branded hotels.



Hotel Portfolio: Dispositions Improve Overall Quality of Hotel Portfolio.



	CY 2019		Q1 2022	
	Retained ⁽¹⁾	Exit ⁽²⁾	Retained ⁽¹⁾	Exit ⁽¹⁾
Occupancy	74.1%	67.4%	53.3%	53.3%
ADR	\$138.17	\$96.90	\$ 121.03	\$ 84.58
	4100	42002	V 1=1000	4 0 1100
RevPAR	\$102.38	\$65.31	\$ 64.51	\$ 45.08
Hotel EBITDA Margin	26.1%	13.6%	3.4%	-11.3%

cai 2017		Number of Properties	Number of Keys	9	k Value at /30/21 In 000s)	Book Value Per Key Value (\$ In 000s)
	Exit Hotels(3)	68	8,760	\$	579	\$ 66,096
	Retained Hotels(1)	236	39,678	\$	6,423	\$ 161,869
\$29M Exit Hotels	Total	304	48,438	\$	7,002	\$ 144,549

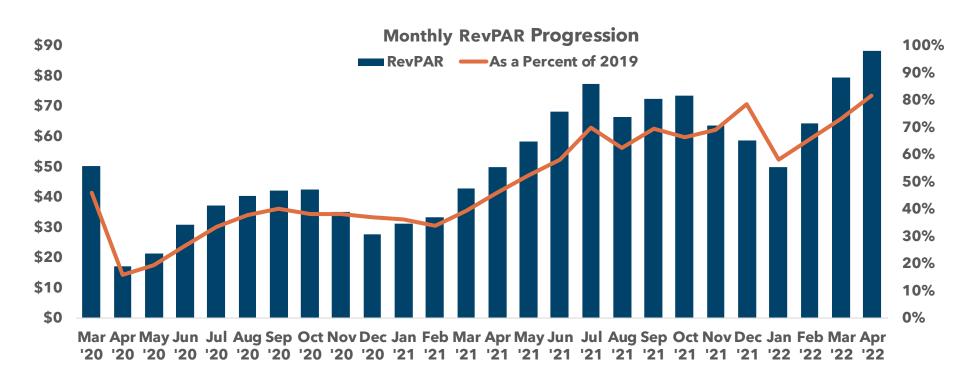
⁽¹⁾ Retained Hotels portfolio consists of 236 hotels. Exit hotels consist of 62 hotels held for sale as of 3/31/2022.

Retained Hotels

Exit Hotels for FY 2019 statistics consist of 67 hotels held for sale as of 12/31/2021.

⁽³⁾ Exit Hotels portfolio consists of the 68 hotels announced for sale, book value as of 9/30/2021 prior to announcement.

Hotel Portfolio: Retained Hotels⁽¹⁾ Performance vs 2019.



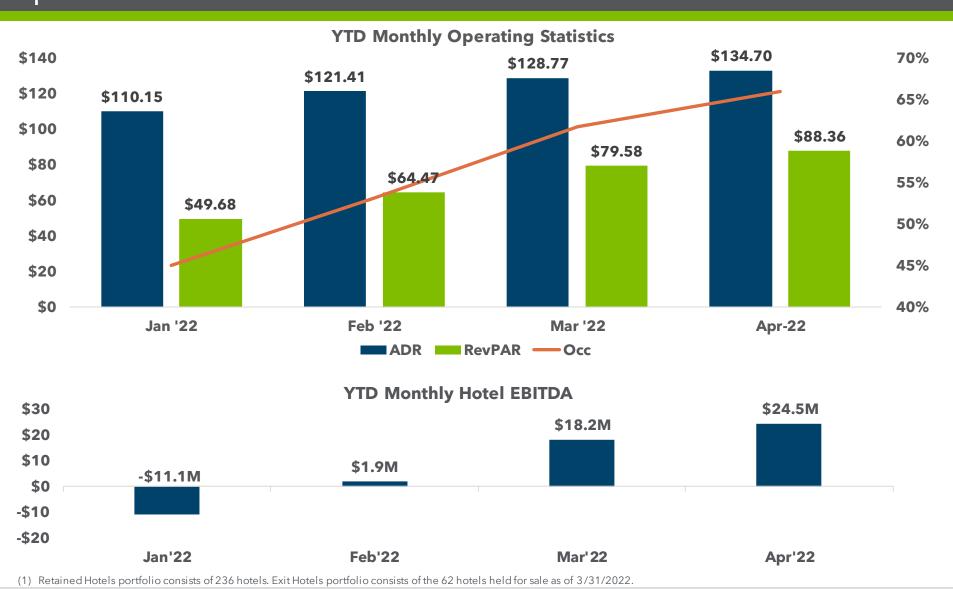
Full Service	April 2022	As a Pct. Of April 2019
Occupancy	62.8%	83.1%
ADR	\$179.94	103.1%
RevPAR	\$113.00	85.6%

Select Service	April 2022	As a Pct. Of April 2019
Occupancy	58.7%	79.9%
ADR	\$117.08	88.9%
RevPAR	\$68.73	71.0%

Extended Stay	April 2022	As a Pct. Of April 2019
Occupancy	73.4%	91.8%
ADR	\$105.61	91.6%
RevPAR	\$77.52	84.1%

⁽¹⁾ Retained Hotels portfolio consists of 236 hotels. Exit Hotels portfolio consists of the 62 hotels held for sale as of 3/31/2022.

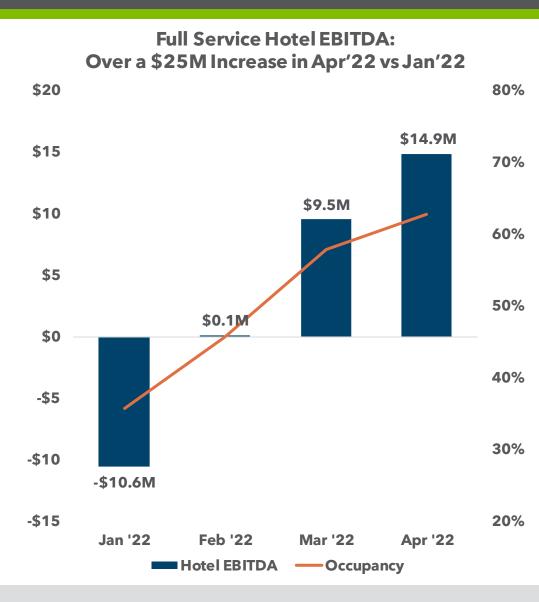
Hotel Portfolio: Retained Hotels YTD Performance.



Hotel Portfolio: Meaningful Improvement from Full Service Portfolio.

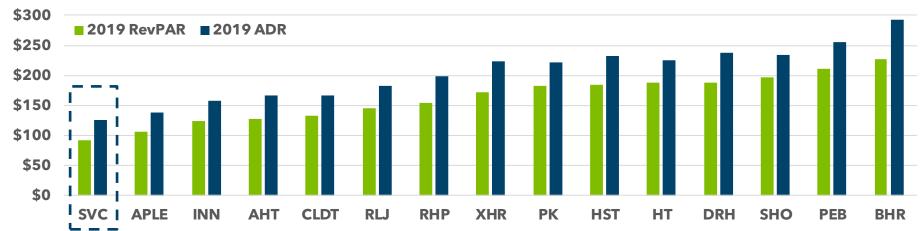
- Recovery reflected in improving performance from SVC's full service portfolio, with occupancy increasing to 62.8% in April from 35.7% in January.
- Full service RevPAR improved to 86% of 2019 in April, versus 50% in January.
- Five urban full service hotels weighed on Q1 hotel performance, primarily in January and early February.

Full Service Portfolio	Hote (\$ in	el EBITDA millions)
Q1: bottom five full service performers	\$	(7.9)M
Q1: 43 remaining full service hotels	\$	7.0M
Q1: total for full service portfolio	\$	(1.0)M
Apr'22: total for full service portfolio	\$	14.9M

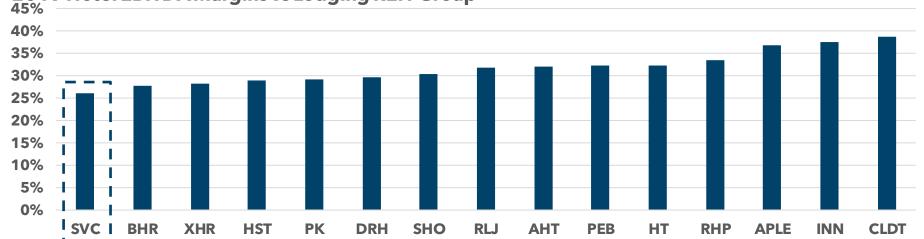


Hotel Portfolio: Hotel ADR, RevPAR and EBITDA Margins vs Lodging REIT Group.

2019 Comparable ADR and RevPAR vs Lodging REIT Group⁽¹⁾

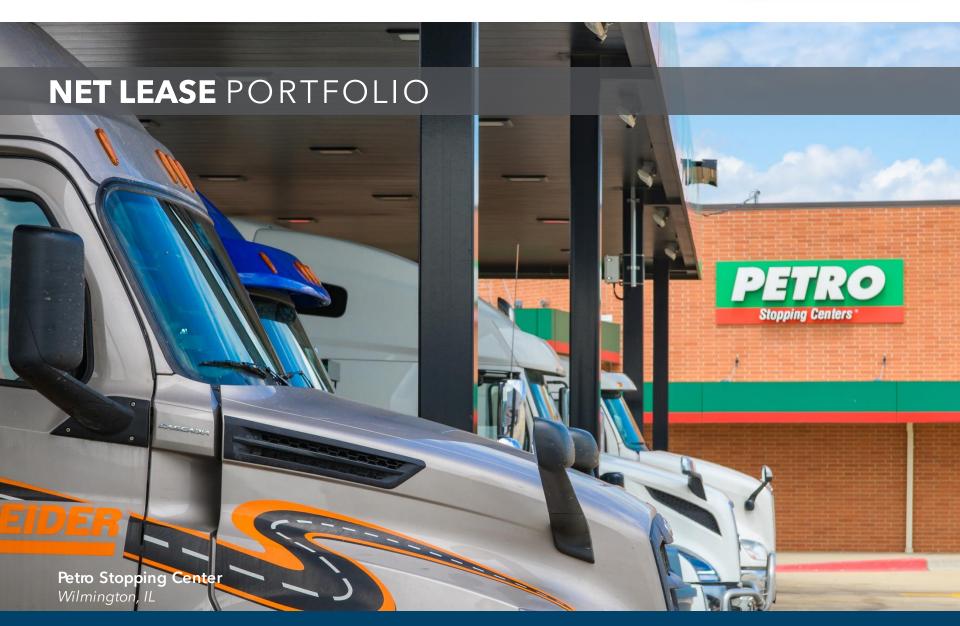


2019 Hotel EBITDA Margins vs Lodging REIT Group



(1) Based on public filings and comparable hotel data for the year ended December 31, 2019.





Net Lease Portfolio: High-Quality Service & Necessity Based Assets.

Net Lease Portfolio Statistics 786 \$372mm Properties Annual Contractual Rent 13.5mm 10 Years Rentable Square Feet Weighted Average Lease Term 97.6% 2.67x Occupancy Rent Coverage

21 Industries | 134 Brands









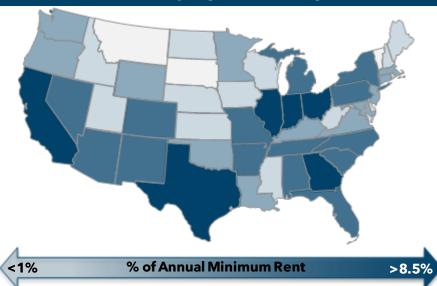








Diverse Geographical Footprint (1)



















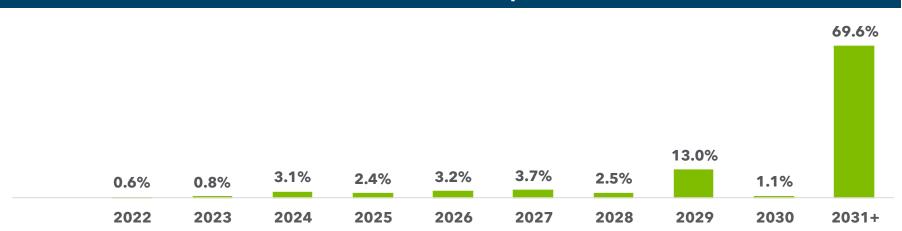
(1) By annual minimum rent.

Net Lease Portfolio: Reliable Income Stream and Low Capex Requirements.





Well-Laddered Lease Expirations (1)



(1) By annual minimum rent.

30% of SVC's Portfolio (based on investment)

\$253mm total rent in 2021 \$246mm annual minimum cash payments \$7mm % rent based on increases in sales Rent Coverage



1.9x LTM 3/31/21 LTM 3/31/22 LTM 3/31/22 2.3x 2.2x 2.3x 2.2x 2.1x



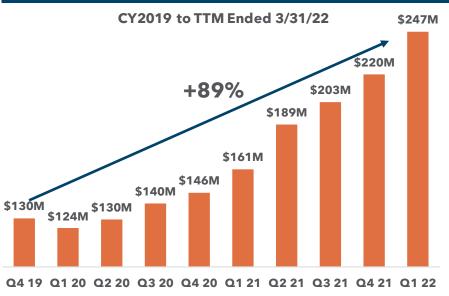
Q4 19 Q1 20 Q2 20 Q3 20 Q4 20 Q1 21 Q2 21 Q3 21 Q4 21 Q1 22

New Management Team Producing Strong Results and Investing in SVC's Locations

- TA is successfully executing a corporate turnaround strategy, recently reporting an increase of 52% in adjusted EBITDA for the LTM ended March 31, 2022 versus the prior year period.
- TA is investing significant capital into SVC's travel centers, including customer-focused enhancements and system improvements to drive efficiency and performance.

Soily Snocks

TA's Adjusted EBITDA Growth⁽¹⁾





(1) Based on TA's public filings.

Net Lease Portfolio: Service Focused Retail Net Lease Portfolio.(1)

2.91x

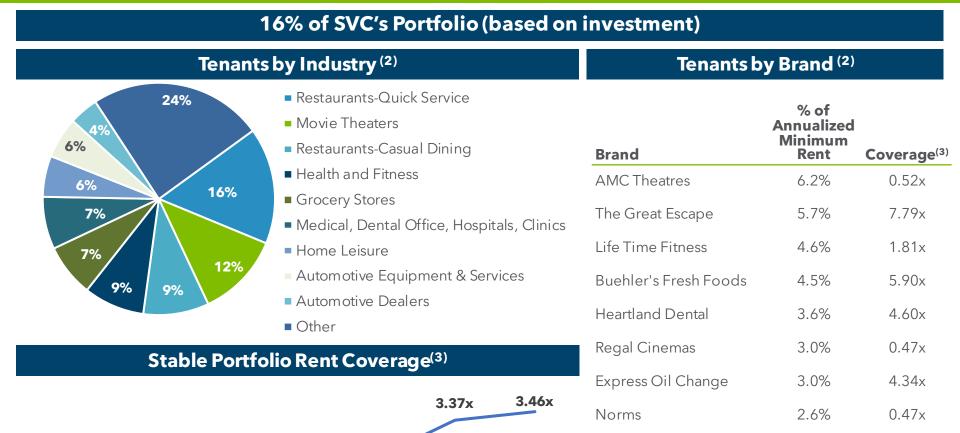
Q3 2021

Q4 2021

Q1 2022

2.85x

Q2 2021



	Q	3	20	2	0
(1)	Exc	clude	es	TΑ

2.75x

2.78x

Q4 2020

2.75x

Q1 2021

5.93x

3.36x

3.46x

2.6%

64.2%

100%

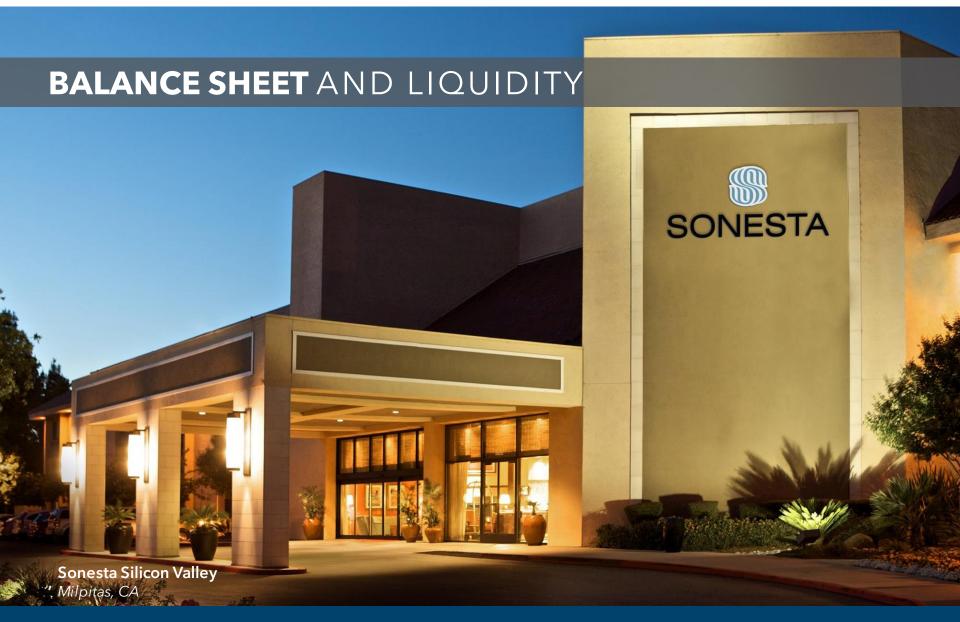
America's Auto Auction

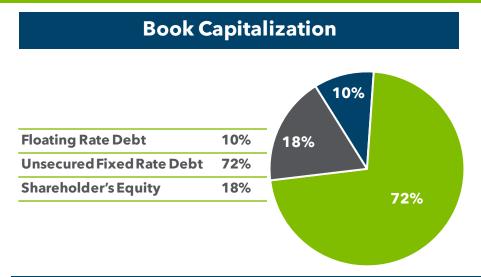
Other

⁽²⁾ Based on annual minimum rent.

⁽³⁾ Based on rolling trailing twelve months.

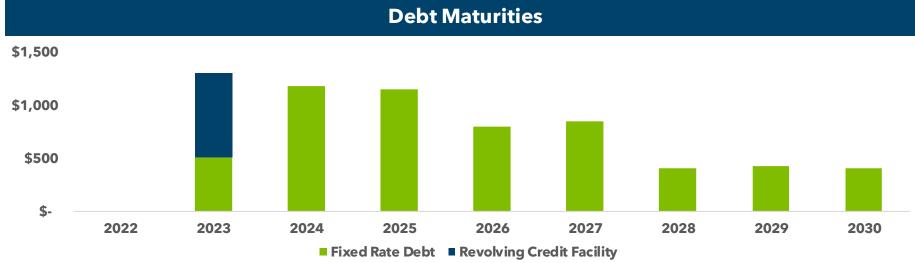






Strong Balance Sheet

- Unsecured senior notes: \$5.7 billion.
- Revolving credit facility:
 - Maturity date extended to January 2023 with an additional six-month extension, subject to conditions.
 - Repaid \$200 million in April 2022 and reduced the size of the facility to \$800 million.
- Next debt maturity is \$500 million of Senior Notes due June 2023, which can be called at par in December 2022.
- Projected 2022 liquidity of \$700 million.



⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for repayment of \$200 million of SVC's outstanding revolver balance, the repayment of \$500 million of 5.0% Senior Notes and expected proceeds of \$470 million from the sale of 58 hotels in Q2 2022.

Balance Sheet and Liquidity.

Liquidity Update ⁽¹⁾	\$ in millions		\$ in millions
Cash & Equivalents at 3/31/22	\$ 969	Gross Book Value of Real Estate at 3/31/22	\$ 10,361
Credit line paydown - Apr'22	(200)	73 properties securing revolving credit facility	(1,757)
Sonesta funding - Apr'22	(25)	70 properties seeding revolving create identity	(1,707)
Senior notes redemption - Jun'22	(500)	Hotel Sales	(413)
Hotel sales proceeds since 3/31/22	329	Unencumbered Gross Book	\$ 8,191
Anticipated hotel sales in Q2'22	141	Value of Real Estate	4 6 /121
Net lease sale proceeds since 3/31/22	4	SVC has over \$8 billion of unenc	umbered
Anticipated net lease sales in Q2'22	4	real estate based on gross bool	k value.
Projected Cash & Equivalents	\$ 722		

Commenced marketing of 16 additional hotels with a carrying value of \$98 million.

⁽¹⁾ Before any cash flow from operations.

Assuming hotel operating trends continue to improve, SVC believes it will be able to meet the incurrence tests under its debt agreements following the quarter ending September 30, 2022.

Metric	Covenant	March 31, 2022	Pro Forma ⁽¹⁾ March 31, 2022	
Total Debt / Adjusted Total Assets	Allowable Maximum: 60.0%	58.3%	55.6%	
Secured Debt / Adjusted Total Assets	Allowable Maximum: 40.0%	8.1%	6.8%	
Consolidated Income Available for Debt Service / Debt Service	Required Minimum: 1.50x	1.32x	1.42x	Approximately \$25 million of income needed to reach 1.50x ⁽²⁾
Total Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Debt	Required Minimum: 150%	170.4%	174.1%	

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for repayment of \$200 million of SVC's outstanding revolver balance, the repayment of \$500 million of 5.0% Senior No tes and expected proceeds of \$470 million from the sale of 58 hotels in Q2 2022.

⁽²⁾ Estimated increase in LTM consolidated income available for debt service needed to meet this covenant as of March 31, 2022.

Liquidity.

- SVC's diverse portfolio of retail net lease assets provides stable cash flows that cover its debt service and corporate G&A.
- The net lease portfolio is a differentiator compared to other lodging REITs, supporting our operations during the pandemic.

	LTM	Ended 3/31/22
Net Lease Portfolio Operations	\$	380 million
Pro forma debt service ⁽¹⁾		(313) million
G&A		(53) million
Surplus	\$	14 million

Hotel EBITDA expected to cover capex and fuel future growth as operations continue to stabilize.







Leverage and Coverage Ratios

	3/31/22	Pro Forma ⁽¹⁾ 3/31/22
Net Debt	\$6.2B	\$5.8B
Gross Assets	\$12.0B	\$11.4B
Net Debt / Gross Assets	51.7%	50.5%

	3/31/22	Pro Forma ⁽¹⁾ LTM Ended 3/31/22
LTM Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i>	\$465.0M	\$456.9M
Interest Expense	\$368.7M	\$339.2M
LTM Adjusted EBITDAre / Interest Expense	1.26x	1.35x

	3/31/22	Pro Forma ⁽¹⁾ LTM Ended 3/31/22
Net Debt	\$6.2B	\$5.8B
LTM Adjusted EBITDA <i>re</i>	\$465.0M	\$456.9M
Net Debt / LTM Adjusted EBITDAre	13.4x	12.6x

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for repayment of \$200 million of SVC's outstanding revolver balance, the repayment of \$500 million of 5.0% Senior Notes and expected proceeds of \$470 million from the sale of 58 hotels in Q2 2022.

Capex Plan: Significant Investment to Upgrade SVC's Hotel Portfolio.

Projected Spend in 2022: \$200 million

Hotel operations expected to cover the cash outflow

Projected Spend beyond 2022: \$250 million annually over the next three to four years

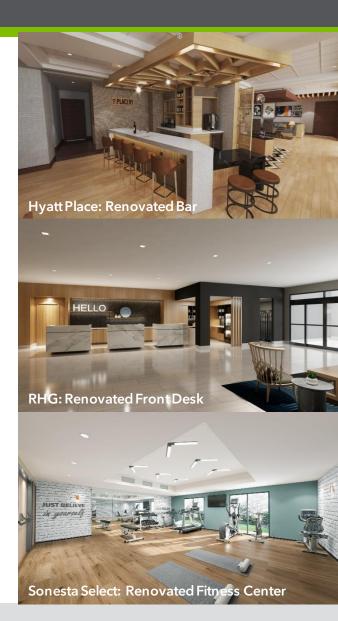
Expect average of 30 hotels per year to be renovated

Transformative renovations that touch all areas of the guest experience

- Case and soft goods
- Public space re-configuration
- New brand standards
- Technology updates
- Expanded outlets
- Exterior refresh

Expect renovations to drive gains in top line results

- Stabilized RevPAR index gains of 6%-10% based on historical results
- Potential increase to EBITDA through occupancy and rate growth



Operational Outlook.

Operational Outlook: Q2 2022

We expect continued
elevated leisure demand and
strength in extended stay,
with increasing group and
business transient demand in
urban markets, as well as
stable cash flows from our
net lease portfolio.



	Q1 2022	April 2022	Estimated Q2 2022
RevPAR	\$61.42	\$83.38	\$85 - \$88
Hotel EBITDA	\$5 million	\$25 million	\$70 - \$80 million
Hotel EBITDA Margins	2%	18.1%	19% - 22%





Key Takeaways

Diversified portfolio by asset type, demand segment and geographic exposure

Steady net lease cash flows balance the
cyclicality of the
lodging sector

Higher quality hotel portfolio following recent sales

Hotel portfolio to be upgraded further with planned capital investment

Upside from the hotel portfolio as the lodging industry recovers

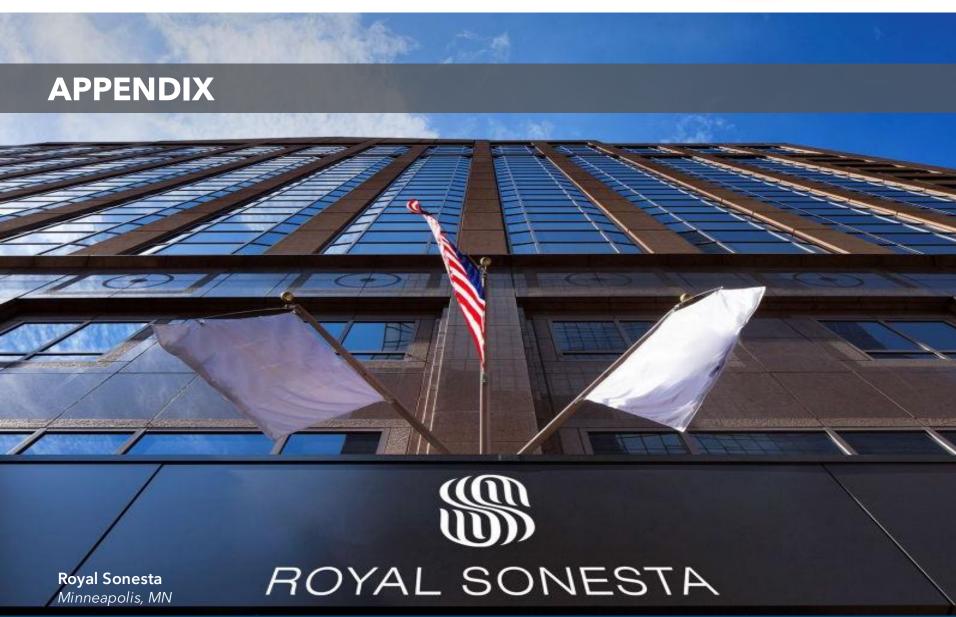
Franchising platform expected to grow the Sonesta brand, creating value for SVC



Sonesta to benefit from economies of scale (EBITDA margin upside)







Full Service: Royal Sonesta (Upper Upscale).



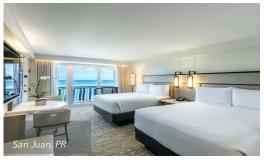


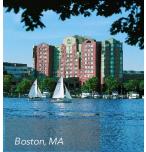
















Full Service: Sonesta (Upscale).





















Select Service: Sonesta Select (Upscale).



















Extended Stay: Sonesta ES Suites (Upper Upscale) and Simply Sonesta (Midscale).





















TravelCenters of America (Nasdaq: TA).













Retail Net Lease Portfolio.



















FINANCIALS



Calculation of Funds From Operations (FFO) and Normalized FFO.

(amounts in thousands, except per share data)

		For the Three Months Ended									
		3/31/2022		12/31/2021		9/30/2021		6/30/2021		3,	/31/2021
Net loss		\$	(119,822)	\$		\$	(59,714)	\$	(91,110)	\$	(194,990)
Add (Less):	Depreciation and amortization		104,113		115,757		124,163		121,677		124,368
	Loss on asset impairment, net ⁽¹⁾		5,500		76,510		_		899		1,211
	(Gain) loss on sale of real estate, net (2)		(5,548)		(588)		(94)		(10,849)		9
	Unrealized (gain) loss on equity securities, net (3)		10,260		(2,168)		(24,348)		(2,500)		6,481
	Adjustments to reflect our share of FFO attributable to an investee (4)		666		737		369		1,034		465
FFO			(4,831)		(8,545)		40,376		19,151		(62,456)
Add (Less):	Adjustments to reflect our share of Normalized FFO attributable to an investee ⁽⁴⁾		245		651		256		538		825
	Transaction related costs (5)		1,177		35,830		3,149		6,151		19,635
Normalized F	FO	\$	(3,409)	\$_	27,936	\$	43,781	\$	25,840	\$	(41,996)
Weighted av	erage shares outstanding (basic and diluted)		164,667	_	164,667		164,590	_	164,506		164,498
Basic and dil	uted per share common share amounts:										
Net loss		\$	(0.73)	\$	(1.21)	\$	(0.36)	\$	(0.55)	\$	(1.19)
FFO		\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.05)	\$	0.25	\$	0.12	\$	(0.38)
Normalized	I FFO	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.17	\$	0.27	\$	0.16	\$	(0.26)

Calculation of EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre.

(dollars in thousands)

		For the Three Months Ended									
		3/	3/31/2022		2/31/2021	9/30/2021		6/30/2021		3,	/31/2021
Net loss		\$	(119,822)	\$	(198,793)	\$	(59,714)	\$	(91,110)	\$	(194,990)
Add (Less):	Interest expense		92,344		92,494		92,458		91,378		89,391
	Income tax (benefit) expense		695		(1,950)		(55)		211		853
	Depreciation and amortization		104,113		115,757		124,163		121,677		124,368
EBITDA			77,330		7,508		156,852		122,156		19,622
Add (Less):	Loss on asset impairment, net (1)		5,500		76,510		_		899		1,211
	(Gain) loss on sale of real estate, net (2)		(5,548)		(588)		(94)		(10,849)		9
	Adjustments to reflect our share of EBITDAre attributable to an investee (4)		680		781		464		1,116		543
EBITDAre			77,962		84,211		157,222		113,322		21,385
Add (less):	Unrealized (gain) loss on equity securities, net (3)		10,260		(2,168)		(24,348)		(2,500)		6,481
	Adjustments to reflect our share of Adjusted EBITDA $\it re$ attributable to an investee $^{(4)}$		245		651		256		538		825
	Transaction related costs (5)		1,177		35,830		3,149		6,151		19,635
	General and administrative expense paid in common shares (6)		462		473		1,045		1,066		379
Adjusted EBITDAre		\$	90,106	\$	118,997	\$	137,324	\$	118,577	\$	48,705

Calculation and Reconciliation of Hotel EBITDA - Comparable Hotels.

							_	
(dollars in thousands)`	 		Thre	ee Months Ended			T	Twelve Months Ended
	 3/31/2022	 12/31/2021		9/30/2021	6/30/2021	3/31/2021		12/31/2019
Number of hotels	295	295		295	295	295		304
Room revenues	\$ 254,623	\$ 266,272	\$	291,663	\$ 243,054	\$ 147,785	\$	1,674,585
Food and beverage revenues	25,145	30,429		24,989	18,428	7,834		256,640
Other revenues	 12,614	 12,973		13,697	 12,389	 7,889		80,990
Hotel operating revenues - comparable hotels	292,382	309,674		330,349	273,871	163,508		2,012,215
Rooms expenses	86,475	87,792		90,006	78,782	55,101		462,284
Food and beverage expenses	22,233	25,558		20,356	15,114	8,676		203,087
Other direct and indirect expenses	126,378	122,562		124,598	107,024	110,530		606,647
Management fees	11,554	12,409		12,543	10,524	5,152		15,233
Real estate taxes, insurance and other	35,490	27,317		28,468	29,774	30,192		153,445
FF&E reserves (7)	1,794	1,236		1,411	1,135	764		72,612
Hotel operating expenses	283,924	 276,874		277,382	242,354	210,414		1,513,308
Hotel EBITDA	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ (- / /	\$	498,907
Hotel EBITDA Margin	2.9 %	10.6 %		16.0 %	11.5 %	(28.7)%		24.8 %
17.1.77(0)								
Hotel operating revenues (GAAP) (8)	\$ 297,406	\$ 317,215	\$	338,375	\$ 280,135	\$ 168,953	\$	1,989,173
Add (less)								
Hotel operating revenues from non-comparable hotels	 (5,024)	 (7,541)		(8,026)	 (6,264)	 (5,445)	_	23,042
Hotel operating revenues - comparable hotels	\$ 292,382	\$ 309,674	\$	330,349	\$ 273,871	\$ 163,508	\$	2,012,215
Hotel operating expenses (GAAP) (8)	\$ 290,343	\$ 286,968	\$	285,233	\$ 243,183	\$ 195,352	\$	1,410,927
Add (less)								
Hotel expenses from non-comparable hotels	(8,276)	(11,951)		(9,883)	(7,891)	3,285		(51,603)
Hotel operating expenses of leased hotels	_	_		_	_	_		66,187
Reduction for security deposits and guaranty funding, net (9)	-	-		-	5,306	10,392		29,162
Management and incentive management fees paid from cash flows in excess of minimum returns	_	_		_	_	_		(11,002)
FF&E reserves from managed hotel operations (7)	1,236	1,236		1,411	1,135	764		69,637
Other ⁽¹⁰⁾	621	621		621	621	621		_
Hotel operating expenses	\$ 283,924	\$ 276,874	\$	277,382	\$ 242,354	\$ 210,414	\$	1,513,308

Calculation and Reconciliation of Hotel EBITDA - All Hotels.

dollars in thousands)				F								
	3/	31/2022	12/	12/31/2021 9/30/2021				5/30/2021		3/31/2021		
Number of hotels		298		303		304 310		304		304 310		310
Room revenues	\$	258,620	\$	272,458	\$	298,607	\$	248,618	\$	152,728		
Food and beverage revenues		25,902		31,503		25,822		18,933		8,172		
Other revenues		12,884		13,254		13,946		12,584		8,053		
Hotel operating revenues		297,406		317,215		338,375		280,135		168,953		
Rooms expenses		88,743		90,705		93,035		80,910		56,578		
Food and beverage expenses		23,234		26,768		21,415		15,659		9,042		
Other direct and indirect expenses		127,017		126,208		125,080		107,533		99,766		
Management fees		11,332		11,869		12,710		10,661		5,238		
Real estate taxes, insurance and other		40,638		32,039		33,614		34,347		35,741		
FF&E reserves (7)		1,222		1,236		1,411		1,135		764		
Hotel operating expenses		292,186		288,825		287,265		250,245		207,129		
Hotel EBITDA	\$	5,220	\$	28,390	\$	51,110	\$	29,890	\$	(38,176)		
Hotel EBITDA Margin		1.8 %		8.9 %		15.1 %		10.7 %		(22.6)%		
Hotel operating expenses (GAAP) (8)	\$	290,343	\$	286,968	\$	285,233	\$	243,183	\$	195,352		
Add (less)												
Reduction for security deposit and guaranty fundings, net (9)		-		_		_		5,306		10,392		
FF&E reserves from managed hotel operations (7)		1,222		1,236		1,411		1,135		764		
Other (10)		621		621		621		621		621		
Hotel operating expenses	\$	292,186	\$	288,825	\$	287,265	\$	250,245	\$	207,129		

Notes to Calculations of FFO, Normalized FFO, EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and Hotel EBITDA.

- 1) We recorded a loss on asset impairment of \$5,500 to reduce the carrying value of 25 hotels during the three months ended March 31, 2022, \$76,510 to reduce the carrying value of 35 net lease properties and 21 hotels to their estimated fair value less costs to sell during the three months ended December 31, 2021, \$899 during the three months ended June 30, 2021 to reduce the carrying value of three net lease properties to their estimated fair value less costs to sell and \$1,211 during the three months ended March 31, 2021 to reduce the carrying value of two net lease properties to their estimated fair value less costs to sell.
- 2) We recorded a \$5,548 net gain on sale of real estate during the three months ended March 31, 2022 in connection with the sale of five hotels and two net lease properties, a \$588 net gain on sale of real estate during the three months ended December 31, 2021 in connection with the sale of one hotel and six net lease properties, a \$94 net gain on sale of real estate during the three months ended September 30, 2021 in connection with the sale of two net lease properties, a \$10,849 net gain on sale of real estate during the three months ended June 30, 2021 in connection with the sale of six hotels and two net lease properties and a \$9 net loss on sale of real estate during the three months ended March 31, 2021 in connection with the sale of one net lease property.
- 3) Unrealized gain (loss) on equity securities, net represents the adjustment required to adjust the carrying value of our investment in shares of TA common stock to their fair value.
- 4) Represents our proportionate share from our equity investment in Sonesta.
- Transaction related costs for the three months ended March 31, 2022 of \$1,177 primarily consisted of legal and other professional services costs related to our hotel rebrandings. Transaction related costs for the three months ended December 31, 2021 of \$35,830 primarily consisted of working capital advances we previously funded under our agreements with Marriott International Inc., or Marriott, and InterContinental Hotels Group, plc, or IHG, that we expensed as a result of the amounts no longer expected to be recoverable. Transaction related costs for the three months ended September 30, 2021 of \$3,149 are primarily related to legal costs related to our arbitration proceeding with Marriott. Transaction related costs for the three months ended June 30, 2021 included \$3,700 of working capital we previously funded under our agreement with Hyatt Hotels Corporation, or Hyatt, that we expensed as a result of the amount no longer expected to be recoverable, \$1,110 of legal costs related to our arbitration proceeding with Marriott and \$1,341 of hotel manager transition costs and for the three months ended March 31, 2021 includes \$19,635 of hotel manager transition related costs resulting from the rebranding of 88 hotels during the period.
- 6) Amounts represent the equity compensation for our Trustees, officers and certain other employees of our manager.
- 7) Various percentages of total sales at certain of our hotels are escrowed as reserves for future renovations or refurbishments, or FF&E reserve escrows. We own all the FF&E reserve escrows for our hotels.
- 8) As of March 31, 2022, we owned 298 hotels. Our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) include hotel operating revenues and expenses of our managed hotels.
- 9) When managers of our hotels are required to fund the shortfalls of owner's priority return under the terms of our management agreements or their guarantees, we reflect such fundings in our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) as a reduction of hotel operating expenses. There was no net reduction to hotel operating expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2022. The net reduction to hotel operating expenses was \$10,392 for the three months ended March 31, 2021.
- 10) We are amortizing a liability we recorded for the fair value of our initial investment in Sonesta as a reduction to hotel operating expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss).

Non-GAAP Financial Measures Definitions.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures: We present certain "non-GAAP financial measures" within the meaning of the applicable Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, rules, including FFO, Normalized FFO, EBITDA, Hotel EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre. These measures do not represent cash generated by operating activities in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered alternatives to net income (loss) as indicators of our operating performance or as measures of our liquidity. These measures should be considered in conjunction with net income (loss) as presented in our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss). We consider these non-GAAP measures to be appropriate supplemental measures of operating performance for a REIT, along with net income (loss). We believe these measures provide useful information to investors because by excluding the effects of certain historical amounts, such as depreciation and amortization expense, they may facilitate a comparison of our operating performance between periods and with other REITs.

FFO and Normalized FFO: We calculate funds from operations, or FFO, and Normalized FFO as shown on page 39. FFO is calculated on the basis defined by The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, or Nareit, which is net income (loss), calculated in accordance with GAAP, excluding any gain or loss on sale of properties and loss on impairment of real estate assets, if any, plus real estate depreciation and amortization, less any unrealized gains and losses on equity securities, as well as adjustments to reflect our share of FFO attributable to an investee and certain other adjustments currently not applicable to us. In calculating Normalized FFO, we adjust for the items shown on page 39. FFO and Normalized FFO are among the factors considered by our Board of Trustees when determining the amount of distribution is to our shareholders. Other factors include, but are not limited to, requirements to satisfy our REIT distribution requirements, limitations in our credit agreement and public debt covenants, the availability to us of debt and equity capital, our distribution rate as a percentage of the trading price of our common shares, or dividend yield, and to the dividend yield of other REITs, our expectation of our future capital requirements and operating performance and our expected needs for and availability of cash to pay our obligations. Other real estate companies and REITs may calculate FFO and Normalized FFO differently than we do.

EBITDA: We calculate earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA for real estate, or EBITDAre, and Adjusted EBITDAre as shown on page 40. EBITDAre is calculated on the basis defined by Nareit, which is EBITDA, excluding gains and losses on the sale of real estate, loss on impairment of real estate assets, if any, and adjustments to reflect our share of EBITDAre attributable to an investee. In calculating Adjusted EBITDAre, we adjust for the items shown on page 40. Other real estate companies and REITs may calculate EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre differently than we do.

Hotel EBITDA: We calculate Hotel EBITDA as hotel operating revenues less hotel operating expenses of all managed and leased hotels, prior to any adjustments required for presentation in our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) in accordance with GAAP. We believe that Hotel EBITDA provides useful information to management and investors as key measures of the profitability of our hotel operations.

Rent Coverage: We define rent coverage as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and rent, or EBITDAR, divided by the annual minimum rent due to us weighted by the minimum rent of the property to total minimum rents of the net lease portfolio. EBITDAR amounts used to determine rent coverage are generally for the latest twelve-month period reported based on the most recent operating information, if any, furnished by the tenant. Operating statements furnished by the tenant often are unaudited and, in certain cases, may not have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and are not independently verified by us. Tenants that do not report operating information are excluded from the coverage calculations. In instances where we do not have financial information for the most recent quarter from our tenants, we have calculated an implied EBITDAR for the 2022 first quarter using industry benchmark data to reflect current operating trends. We believe using this industry benchmark data provides a reasonable estimate of recent operating results and rent coverage for those tenants.

Investment: We define hotel investment as historical cost of our properties plus capital improvements funded by us less impairment write downs, if any, and excludes capital improvements made from FF&E reserves funded from hotel operations that do not result in increases in minimum returns or rents. We define net lease investment as historical cost of our properties plus capital improvements funded by us less impairment write-downs, if any.

<u>Debt:</u> Debt amounts reflect the principal balance as of the date reported. Net debt means total debt less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents as of the date reported.